

## United States Patent and Trademark Office

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.		, F	ILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
	10/785,672 02/23/2004		02/23/2004	Michael P. Whitman	11443/160	2683
	26646	7590	07/22/2005		EXAMINER	
	KENYON & KENYON				WEEKS, GLORIA R	
	ONE BROADWAY NEW YORK, NY 10004				ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
					3721	3721  DATE MAILED: 07/22/2005
					DATE MAILED: 07/22/200	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)					
Office Action Comments	10/785,672	WHITMAN ET AL.					
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit					
	Gloria R. Weeks	3721					
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply							
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 1 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).  Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).							
Status							
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 23 Fe	Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>23 February 2004</u> .						
2a) ☐ This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) ☒ This	action is non-final.						
3) Since this application is in condition for allowan							
closed in accordance with the practice under E	x parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 45	33 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims							
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-106</u> is/are pending in the application	1.						
· · ·	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
6)☐ Claim(s) is/are rejected.	Claim(s) is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.							
8) Claim(s) <u>1-106</u> are subject to restriction and/or	election requirement.						
Application Papers							
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner	ſ.						
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner.							
Applicant may not request that any objection to the o							
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correcti							
11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	aminer. Note the attached Office	Action or form PTO-152.					
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119							
12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).  a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:							
	2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No						
application from the International Bureau	application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).						
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.							
Attachment(s)  1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	<b>4</b> 0 □ 1	(DTO 440)					
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	4) 🔲 Interview Summary ( Paper No(s)/Mail Da						
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)	5) 🔲 Notice of Informal Pa	atent Application (PTO-152)					
Paper No(s)/Mail Date	6) Other:						

Application/Control Number: 10/785,672

Art Unit: 3721

## Election/Restrictions

- 1. Restriction to one of the following inventions is required under 35 U.S.C. 121:
  - Group I. Claims 1-10 & 70-78, drawn to a surgical device having an axially lockable anvil and method of use, classified in class 227, subclass 175.2.
  - Group II. Claims 11-20 & 79-87, drawn to a surgical device having a stapler pusher shear pin method of use, classified in class 227, subclass 180.1.
  - Group III. Claims 21-27, drawn to a surgical device having a cutting element shear pin, classified in class 227, subclass 180.1.
  - Group IV. Claims 28-40, drawn to a surgical device having specific stapler cartridge, classified in class 227, subclass 176.1.
  - Group V. Claims 41-50, drawn to a surgical device having an interference element, classified in class 227, subclass 175.1.
  - Group VI. Claims 51-60, drawn to a surgical device having a rotatable pusher element, classified in class 227, subclass 175.1.
  - Group VII. Claims 61-70, drawn to a surgical device sleeve, classified in class 227, subclass 175.1.
  - Group VIII. Claims 71-99, drawn to a surgical device having a trocar shaft and a cable extension element, classified in class 227, subclass 175.1.
  - Group IX. Claims 100-106, drawn to a surgical device having a trocar shaft and an anvil sleeve, classified in class 227, subclass 175.1.
- 2. The inventions are distinct, each from the other because of the following reasons:

Inventions of Group I and Group II are unrelated. Inventions are unrelated if it can be shown that they are not disclosed as capable of use together and they have different modes of operation, different functions, or different effects (MPEP § 806.04, MPEP § 808.01). In the instant case the different inventions are the surgical device of Group I, which requires the use of at least two drives, an axially lockable anvil, and a controller, the sum of which is not required by the surgical device of Group II. The surgical device of Group II requires the use of a shear pin to connect the stapler housing to the stapler pusher, as well as the use of a plurality of pusher fingers, the sum of which is not required by the surgical device of Group I.

Inventions of Group I and Group III are unrelated. Inventions are unrelated if it can be shown that they are not disclosed as capable of use together and they have different modes of operation, different functions, or different effects (MPEP § 806.04, MPEP § 808.01). In the instant case the different inventions are the surgical device of Group I, which requires the use of at least two drives, an axially lockable anvil, and a controller, the sum of which is not required by the surgical device of Group II. The surgical device of Group III requires the use of a shear pin to connect the stapler housing to the cutting implement, which is not required by the surgical device of Group I.

Inventions of Group II and Group III are unrelated. Inventions are unrelated if it can be shown that they are not disclosed as capable of use together and they have different modes of operation, different functions, or different effects (MPEP § 806.04, MPEP § 808.01). In the instant case the different inventions are the surgical device of Group II, which requires the use of a shear pin to connect the stapler housing to the stapler pusher, as well as the use of a plurality of pusher fingers, the sum of which is not required by the surgical device of Group III. Although

Art Unit: 3721

the surgical device of Group III requires the use of a shear pin, the shear pin of Group III is functions to connect the stapler housing to the cutting implement, which is not required by the surgical device of Group  $\Pi$ .

Inventions of Group I and Group IV are unrelated. Inventions are unrelated if it can be shown that they are not disclosed as capable of use together and they have different modes of operation, different functions, or different effects (MPEP § 806.04, MPEP § 808.01). In the instant case the different inventions are the surgical device of Group I, which requires the use of an axially lockable anvil and a controller, the sum of which is not required by the surgical device of Group IV. The surgical device of Group IV requires the use of a stapler cartridge defining openings and staple guides arranged in two radially-spaced rows, as well as the use of at least two pusher fingers, the sum of which is not required by the surgical device of Group I.

Inventions of Group I and Group V are unrelated. Inventions are unrelated if it can be shown that they are not disclosed as capable of use together and they have different modes of operation, different functions, or different effects (MPEP § 806.04, MPEP § 808.01). In the instant case the different inventions are the surgical device of Group I, which requires the use of an axially lockable anvil and a controller, the sum of which is not required by the surgical device of Group V. The surgical device of Group V requires the use of an interference element, as well as the use of an axially lockable staple cartridge, the sum of which is not required by the surgical device of Group I.

Inventions of Group I and Group VI are unrelated. Inventions are unrelated if it can be shown that they are not disclosed as capable of use together and they have different modes of operation, different functions, or different effects (MPEP § 806.04, MPEP § 808.01). In the

Page 5

instant case the different inventions are the surgical device of Group I, which requires the use of an axially lockable anvil and a controller, the sum of which is not required by the surgical device of Group VI. The surgical device of Group VI requires the use of a rotatable pusher element including a cam element and rotatable member, the sum of which is not required by the surgical device of Group I.

Inventions of Group I and Group VII are unrelated. Inventions are unrelated if it can be shown that they are not disclosed as capable of use together and they have different modes of operation, different functions, or different effects (MPEP § 806.04, MPEP § 808.01). In the instant case the different inventions are the surgical device of Group I, which requires the use of an axially lockable anvil and a controller, the sum of which is not required by the surgical device of Group IV. The surgical device of Group VII requires the use of a sleeve and a closure element, the sum of which is not required by the surgical device of Group I.

Inventions of Group I and Group VIII are unrelated. Inventions are unrelated if it can be shown that they are not disclosed as capable of use together and they have different modes of operation, different functions, or different effects (MPEP § 806.04, MPEP § 808.01). In the instant case the different inventions are the surgical device of Group I, which requires the use of an axially lockable anvil and a controller, the sum of which is not required by the surgical device of Group IV. The surgical device of Group VIII requires the use of a trocar shaft and a cable extension element, the sum of which is not required by the surgical device of Group I.

Inventions of Group I and Group IX are unrelated. Inventions are unrelated if it can be shown that they are not disclosed as capable of use together and they have different modes of operation, different functions, or different effects (MPEP § 806.04, MPEP § 808.01). In the

instant case the different inventions are the surgical device of Group I, which requires the use of an axially lockable anvil and a controller, the sum of which is not required by the surgical device of Group IV. The surgical device of Group IX requires the use of a trocar shaft and an anvil sleeve, the sum of which is not required by the surgical device of Group I.

3. Because these inventions are distinct for the reasons given above and the search required for each of Groups I-IX different, restriction for examination purposes as indicated is proper.

Applicant is advised that the reply to this requirement to be complete must include an election of the invention to be examined even though the requirement be traversed (37 CFR 1.143).

Applicant is reminded that upon the cancellation of claims to a non-elected invention, the inventorship must be amended in compliance with 37 CFR 1.48(b) if one or more of the currently named inventors is no longer an inventor of at least one claim remaining in the application. Any amendment of inventorship must be accompanied by a request under 37 CFR 1.48(b) and by the fee required under 37 CFR 1.17(i).

## Claim Objections

4. The numbering of claims is not in accordance with 37 CFR 1.126 which requires the original numbering of the claims to be preserved throughout the prosecution. When claims are canceled, the remaining claims must not be renumbered. When new claims are presented, they must be numbered consecutively beginning with the number next following the highest numbered claims previously presented (whether entered or not).

Misnumbered claims 65-105 have been renumbered 65-106. Claim 34 is objected to because of the following informalities: Claim 34 claims dependency from claim 1, however, the

Application/Control Number: 10/785,672

Art Unit: 3721

limitations of claim 34 would invoke a 35 USC 112 2<sup>nd</sup> Paragraph rejection due to lack of

antecedent basis, if claim 34 is indeed dependant upon claim 1. Examiner has thus viewed the

Page 7

dependency of claim 34 on claim 1 to be a typographical error, and should be dependent upon

claim 31. Appropriate correction is required.

Conclusion

6. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

examiner should be directed to Gloria R. Weeks whose telephone number is (571) 272-4473.

The examiner can normally be reached on 8:30 am - 7:00 pm Monday-Thursday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, Rinaldi I. Rada can be reached on (571) 272-4467. The fax phone number for the

organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent

Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications

may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished

applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR

system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR

system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Gloria R Weeks Examiner

Art Unit 3721

grw

July 20, 2005

SCULLA. SMITH PRIMARY EXAMINER